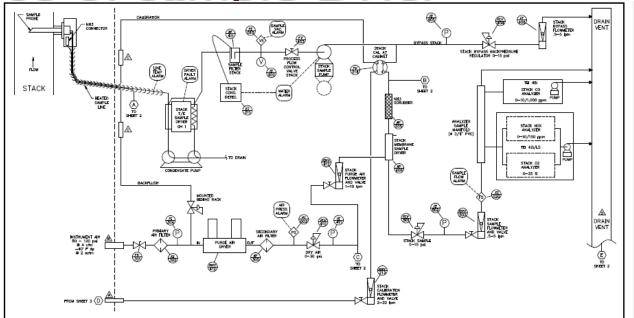
## SAMPLE DRYING

THERMO ELECTRIC COOLER VS REFRIGERATED COOLED WATER BATH

## Why is the Sample Dried?

- Most analyzers can not make an accurate measurement if water is present.
- EPA pollution parameters are reported on a dry basis
- Prevents clogging of instrumentation, tubing, corrosion of sensitive analyzer components

Use of Sample Drier

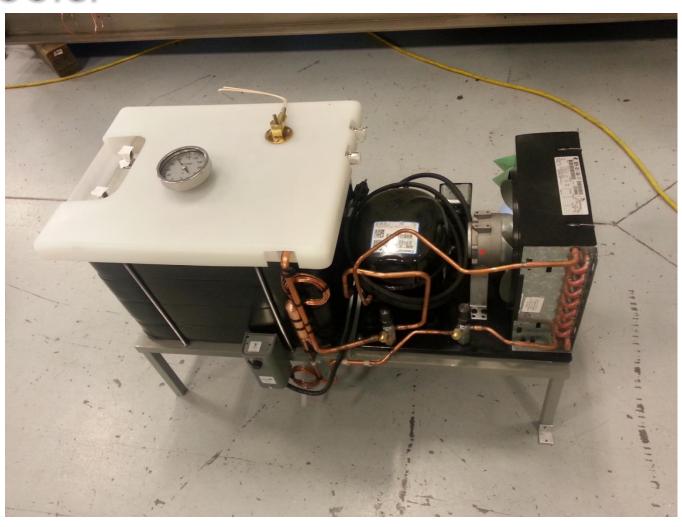


- Connected to HSL inside the shelter
- Uses Peristaltic Drain Pump to pump out Condensate without losing the sample vacuum.
- Lowers dew point of sample to approximately 38°F with either cooler type

## Water Cooled Baths

- Common refrigeration device using 134a refrigerant, I/6 HP compressor, condenser fan
- Large Cooling Capacity
- Teflon Tubes do not allow water to sheet surface
- Simple Design & Low Maintenance
  - Water Level Must be maintained
  - Use Tap Water, not demineralized

## Dual Sample Point CiSCO Water Cooler



# Inside CiSCO Water Bath (Two Trap)



### Thermo Electric Coolers

- Uses Peltier Effect
  - Dissimilar materials are bonded together and electrical current is run through it. The junctions of the materials will become hot on one end and cold on the other.
- Stainless Steel or Kynar/Glass Coated
- Capacity:
  - Flow Rates
    - Single Active Impinger<= 8Liters Per Minute</li>

## Single Sample Universal Thermo Cooler



## Refrigeration Unit (M & C)



#### REGULATORY CONSIDERATIONS

- No EPA mandate on either technology
- South Coast Air Quality Management District (Los Angeles Area) requires Peltier Cooler.

### Similarities

- All units have a relay to indicate high temperature (above 41°F)
- Options to run using 110 VAC or 230 VAC
- General Purpose Electrical Applications

### Main Differences

- Physical Dimensions
  - Water Cooler: I3" x 31" x 21" High
  - Thermocooler: 10" x 12" x 15" High (+10")
  - Refrigeration Cooler: I2" x I5" x I5" High
- Cooling Capacity for Single Unit
  - Water Cooler: I 190 BTU/HR
  - Thermocooler: I20 BTU/HR
  - Refrigeration: 492 BUT/HR
- Wetted Materials
  - Water Cooler: Teflon
  - Thermocooler: Glass, Stainless Steel or Kynar
  - Refrigeration: Glass, Stainless Steel, Thermoplastic

## Pros / Cons

Water Bath	ThermoCooler	Refrigeration
PROS		
Higher Cooling Capacity, can be used for 3 Sample points	No Routine Maintenance	Can be used for up to 4 Sample Streams
Lower Cost	Smaller, ideal for cabinet systems	Larger Capacity for smaller footprint
CONS		
Needs to be Filled/Drained	High Cost	Higher Cost
Large Footprint	Lower Capacity, Requires a Second Unit for three-sample points	

## Cost Considerations

- Single Sample Point Water Bath
  - \$2000.00
- Single Sample Point Thermo Cooler
  - \$5600.00
- Four Sample Point Refrigeration Cooler
  - \$7600.00

Replacement Water Bath (Spare unit without Thermoswitch, Thermometer etc... only \$1400.00)